



THE LIVESTOCK CONSERVANCY™

Conservation Priority Livestock Breeds 2014

Critical: Fewer than 200 annual registrations in the United States and estimated global population less than 2,000. For rabbits, fewer than 50 annual registrations in the United States and estimated global population less than 500.

Threatened: Fewer than 1,000 annual registrations in the United States and estimated global population less than 5,000. For rabbits, fewer than 100 annual registrations in the United States and estimated global population less than 1,000.

Watch: Fewer than 2,500 annual registrations in the United States and estimated global population less than 10,000. For rabbits, fewer than 200 annual registrations in the United States and estimated global population less than 2,000. Also included for all livestock are breeds that present genetic or numerical concerns or have a limited geographic distribution.

Recovering: Breeds that were once listed in another category and have exceeded Watch category numbers but are still in need of monitoring.

Study: Breeds that are of genetic interest but either lack definition or lack genetic or historical documentation.

	Critical	Threatened	Watch	Recovering	Study
Cattle	Canadienne Dutch Belted Florida Cracker Kerry Lincoln Red Milking Devon Milking Shorthorn – Native ¹ Randall or Randall Lineback Texas Longhorn ²	Ancient White Park Pineywoods Red Poll	Ayrshire Galloway Guernsey	Ankole-Watusi Belted Galloway Devon or Beef Devon Dexter Highland	Chirikof Island Criollo (North Central Mexican)
Goats	Arapawa San Clemente		Spanish	Myotonic or Tennessee Fainting Oberhasli	Golden Guernsey
Pigs	Choctaw Gloucestershire Old Spots Large Black Mulefoot Ossabaw Island	Guinea Hog Red Wattle Tamworth	Hereford		Saddleback
Rabbits	American Chinchilla	American Belgian Hare Blanc de Hotot Silver Silver Fox	Beveren Giant Chinchilla Lilac Rhinelander	Crème d'Argent	Harlequin
Sheep	Florida Cracker Gulf Coast or Gulf Coast Native Hog Island Leicester Longwool Romeldale / CVM Santa Cruz	Black Welsh Mountain Clun Forest Cotswold Dorset Horn Jacob – American Karakul – American Navajo-Churro St. Croix	Lincoln Oxford Shropshire Tunis	Barbados Blackbelly Shetland Southdown Wiltshire Horn	

Breeds unique to North America are printed in bold.

¹ Some Milking Shorthorns qualify for the "N" (Native) designation. These animals have pedigrees tracing only to ancestors registered before the herdbook was opened to outcrosses with other dairy breeds; this is a globally endangered population. The status of any Milking Shorthorn can be verified through the AMSS.

² Cattlemen's Texas Longhorn Registry.



THE LIVESTOCK CONSERVANCY™

Conservation Priority Equine Breeds 2014

Critical: Fewer than 200 annual registrations in the United States and estimated global population less than 2,000.

Threatened: Fewer than 1,000 annual registrations in the United States and estimated global population less than 5,000.

Watch: Fewer than 2,500 annual registrations in the United States and estimated global population less than 10,000. Also included for all livestock are breeds that present genetic or numerical concerns or have a limited geographic distribution.

Recovering: Breeds that were once listed in another category and have exceeded Watch category numbers but are still in need of monitoring.

Study: Breeds that are of genetic interest but either lack definition or lack genetic or historical documentation.

	Critical	Threatened	Watch	Recovering	Study
Asses	Poitou	American Mammoth Jackstock		Miniature Donkey	
Horses	American Cream Caspian Cleveland Bay Colonial Spanish Strains ¹ Banker^{2,4} Choctaw^{2,3} Florida Cracker² Marsh Tacky² Santa Cruz² Wilbur-Cruce² Hackney Horse Morgan – Traditional ⁵ Newfoundland Pony Shire Suffolk	Akhal-Teke Canadian Colonial Spanish – Combined ¹ Dales Pony Dartmoor Exmoor Lipizzan	Clydesdale Fell Pony Gotland Irish Draught Mountain Pleasure/ Rocky Mountain	Belgian	Galiceño

Breeds unique to North America are printed in bold.

¹ Includes horses registered by the Spanish Mustang Registry, Southwest Spanish Mustang Association, Spanish Barb Breeders Association, Horse of the Americas, American Indian Horse Registry, and several strain-specific registries. Feral horses from the Cerbat, Pryor, and Sulphur areas include many that would meet the criteria as well as some that do not.

² Colonial Spanish horse strains that are bred in isolation and also contribute to the combined population.

³ Includes Cherokee and Huasteca influenced horses.

⁴ Includes Shackleford, Ocracoke, Corolla, Carrot, Core, Hatteras, and Cedar horses.

⁵ Includes horses whose pedigrees are absent of outcrosses after 1930